STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA	IN THE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION
COUNTY OF DURHAM	CASE NO. 18 CVS 3788
DEMETRA RUSH, DURHAM CO)
Plaintiff, BY	
v.	ĵ
) COMPLAINT
THE NRP GROUP LLC, NRP)
MANAGEMENT, LLC, NRP NORTH) (Class Action)
CAROLINA, LLC, NRP PARTNERS,)
LLC, NRP ALSTON VILLAGE, LLC)
d/b/a FALLS POINTE AT THE PARK,)
and NRP ALSTON MANAGEMENT,)
LLC,)
)
Defendants	

Plaintiff Demetra Rush (hereafter "Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and the proposed Class, files this Complaint against Defendants The NRP Group, LLC, NRP Management, LLC, NRP North Carolina, LLC, NRP Alston Village, LLC, and NRP Alston Management, LLC, (hereinafter "Defendants") and states:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This is an action brought by Plaintiff and others similarly situated due to unlawful and unfair debt collection practices engaged in by Defendants in their attempts to collect upon fees, penalties, and other improper charges, when such costs, fees, charges, and amounts are not owed and expressly prohibited.
- 2. This case arises under the Residential Rental Agreements Act, N.C.G.S. § 42-38 et seq., the Uniform Commercial Code Negotiable Instruments, N.C.G.S. § 25-3-506, the North Carolina Debt Collection Act, N.C.G.S. § 75-50 et seq., the North Carolina common law of contracts, and the Uniform Declaratory Judgment Act, N.C.G.S. § 1-253, et seq.

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3. This is a class action, filed pursuant to Rule 23 of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of all tenants of any North Carolina apartment complex in which Defendants provide property management services, including but not limited to tenants of the apartment complex owned by NRP Alston Village, LLC d/b/a Falls Pointe at the Park ("Falls Pointe") in Durham, North Carolina who pursuant to Defendants' standardized policies and procedures, have during the past four (4) years or will in the future (a) receive one or more communications from Defendants that violate North Carolina law as further set forth herein, and/or (b) have paid amounts in excess of those allowed by North Carolina law.

JURISIDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. The foregoing allegations are incorporated by reference and realleged herein.
- 5. This Court has jurisdiction over the parties and this action pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 42-44, N.C.G.S. § 25-1-305, N.C.G.S. §§ 75-16 and 56, N.C.G.S. § 1-75.4 and N.C.G.S. § 1-253.
- 6. Venue is proper under N.C.G.S. § 1-79 in that Defendants maintain a place of business in Durham County, North Carolina, and have regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North Carolina.

<u>PARTIES</u>

- The foregoing allegations are incorporated by reference and realleged herein.
- 8. Plaintiff Demetra Rush is a citizen and resident of Durham County, North Carolina who at all relevant times, leased an apartment from Defendants at Falls Pointe..
 - 9. Plaintiff is a "tenant" subject to the protections of N.C.G.S. § 42-46.
 - 10. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
 - 11. Defendant The NRP Group, LLC ("NRP") is, upon information and belief, a

limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of Ohio, maintains a business in Durham County, North Carolina, and has regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North Carolina.

- 12. Defendant NRP Management, LLC is, upon information and belief, a limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of Ohio, maintains a business in Durham County, North Carolina, and has regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North Carolina.
- 13. Defendant NRP North Carolina, LLC is, upon information and belief, a limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of North Carolina, maintains a place of business in Durham County, North Carolina, and has regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North Carolina.
- 14. Defendant NRP Management, LLC is, upon information and belief, a limited liability company under the laws of the state of Ohio, maintains a place of business in Durham County, North Carolina, and has regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North Carolina.
- 15. NRP Alston Village, LLC d/b/a Falls Pointe at the Park is, upon information and belief, a limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of North Carolina, maintains a place of business in Durham County, North Carolina, and has regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North Carolina.
- 16. NRP Alston Management, LLC is, upon information and belief, a limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of North Carolina, maintains a place of business in Durham County and has regularly engaged in business in Durham County, North

Carolina.

- 17. Upon information and belief, Defendant NRP employs the persons and other entities to operate the properties in North Carolina, including the Falls Pointe apartments.
- 18. Upon information and belief, NRP, is the only property management company engaged in the work and business of the Falls Pointe apartments and other North Carolina properties.
- 19. Upon information and belief, the Defendants are so closely related in ownership and management, and that each works closely in concert with the other, such that each has become the *alter ego* of the other. With respect to all actions and decisions to this action, the Defendants have operated as a single entity.
 - 20. Defendants are each "landlords" as defined by N.C.G.S. §42-40(3).
- 21. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants, in the ordinary course of business as the lessors of residential real property, engaged in acts or practices affecting commerce within the meaning of N.C.G.S. §75-1.1.
 - 22. Defendants are each "debt collectors" as defined by N.C.G.S. § 75-50.

GENERAL BACKGROUND

- 23. The foregoing allegations are incorporated by reference and realleged herein.
- 24. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to the allegations contained herein, Defendants entered into lease agreements with all North Carolina tenants that state in Paragraph 31 "[i]n the event we file a summary ejectment lawsuit against you, we may also recover from you the highest of *one* of the following fees (which shall be in addition to late fees, attorney's fees, and applicable court costs)" See attached **Exhibit 1** (emphasis in original).

Paragraph 31 of the lease agreements then identify and describe three fees: a Complaint Filing Fee, a Court Appearance Fee, and a Second Trial Fee.

- 25. The Complaint Filing Fee, Court Appearance Fee, and Second Trial Fee are the same fees described in N.C.G.S. § 42-46 (e) through (g).
- 26. The lease agreements claim that Defendants may collect the above fees "fees (which shall be in addition to late fees, attorney's fees, and any applicable court costs)" upon a default. The "reasonable attorney's fees and court costs" are separate and apart from the Complaint Filing Fee, Court Appearance Fee, and Second Trial Fee.
- 27. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to the allegations contained herein, Defendants have maintained a uniform, statewide policy of requiring any North Carolina tenant who fails to make a full and complete rental payment, or maintains a balance on their account ledger in excess of \$0.00 on or about the 10th day of any given month to pay filing fees ("Filing Fees"), sheriff service fees ("Service Fees"), and attorneys' fees ("Attorneys' Fees") (collectively the Filing Fees, Service Fees, and Attorneys' Fees are referred to as the "Eviction Fees") (herein described as the ("Collection Policy"). The "reasonable attorney's fees and court costs" described in the Lease are the same as Eviction Fees.
- 28. Eviction Fees are additional fees separate and apart from the ones expressly authorized by N.C.G.S. § 42-46. Instead, Eviction Fees constitute the "reasonable attorneys" fees, and any applicable court costs" described in the lease.

In direct response to the Honorable A. Graham Shirley, Wake County Superior Court Judge, holding that the claiming of Eviction Fees was unlawful [See Exhibit 5], landlords petitioned and successfully altered the law. On June 25, 2018, S.L. 2018-50, entitled "An Act to Allow Landlords to Recover Out-of-Pocket Expenses in Summary Ejectment Cases" was enacted to amend N.C.G.S. § 42-46 ("the Act"). [See attached Exhibit 6]. The Act confirms that Defendant was not previously allowed to automatically charge tenants the Eviction Fees.

- 29. Eviction Fees are fees set by the North Carolina Legislature for filing a complaint in summary ejectment and for service of process by a sheriff, and Defendants' attorneys' fees for filing an eviction.
- 30. Upon information and belief, Defendants entered into a legal services agreement with a law firm that charges a flat fee per eviction. Upon information and belief, this legal services agreement limits the scope of the law firm's representation to only seeking possession of the apartment premises on behalf of Defendants and not any money owed.
- 31. Throughout the Relevant Time Period, the Filing Fees were \$96.00 and the Service Fees were \$30.00.
- 32. Upon information and belief, when a tenant fails to make a full and complete rental payment, or maintains a rental balance on their account ledger in excess of \$0.00 after the 5th day of any given month, Defendants cause written letters or emails to be delivered to the tenant stating that Defendants will file a summary ejectment (eviction) lawsuit if he or she fails to make a complete rental payment and that once the eviction lawsuit is filed, the tenant will be charged with Eviction Fees (hereinafter "Initial Collection Letter").
- 33. Upon information and belief, pursuant to the Collection Policy, tenants owe, and are required to pay Eviction Fees even if: (a) the complaint in summary ejectment had not yet even been filed; (b) the complaint in summary ejectment is dismissed; or (c) a North Carolina Magistrate Judge orders the Eviction Fees to be assessed against Defendants.
- 34. Upon information and belief, each and every tenant of a property owned or managed by Defendants, or either of them, is subject to the Collection Policy.
- 35. Upon information and belief, the Collection Policy is uniformly applied to each and every tenant that resides at any of the apartments owned or managed by Defendants.

- 36. Upon information and belief, the Collection Policy is mandatory throughout Defendants' properties; individual managers, employees, associates, or other agents of Defendants have no discretion as to the implementation of the Collection Policy.
- 37. Upon information and belief, pursuant to the Collection Policy, when a tenant fails to make a full and complete rental payment, or maintains a balance on their account ledger in excess of \$0.00 on or around the 10th day of any given month, Defendants file legal action to evict the tenant.
- 38. Immediately before filing legal action to evict a tenant, or shortly thereafter,

 Defendants post to the tenant's account ledger all Eviction Fees as immediately due and owing.
- 39. All the Eviction Fees are posted to a tenant's account ledger are in addition to, and separate from, the late fees and the fees specifically authorized by N.C.G.S. § 42-46(e)-(g), including the "Complaint-Filing Fee."
- 40. Upon information and belief, pursuant to the Collection Policy, Eviction Fees are entered into a tenant's account ledger prior to a North Carolina court awarding such amounts to Defendants, and sometimes before a complaint in summary ejectment is even filed.
- 41. At the time the Eviction Fees are entered into the account ledger as immediately due and owing, there is no guarantee that Defendants will ever be awarded such fees by a North Carolina court.
- 42. Upon information and belief, entering the Eviction Fees on a tenant's account ledger as immediately due and owing is mandatory throughout Defendants' North Carolina properties; individual managers, employees, associates, or other agents of Defendants have no discretion as to the implementation of the Collection Policy.
 - 43. Upon information and belief, after causing the Eviction to be assessed against the

tenant's account ledger, and with no guarantee such amounts will ever be awarded by a North Carolina court, Defendants immediately begin attempting to collect upon the balance contained on the account ledger pursuant to its Collection Policy.

- 44. Upon information and belief, after the Eviction Fees are entered onto an individual's account ledger, there are no occasions in which Defendants will review and reconsider whether such Eviction Fees were improperly assessed.
- 45. Upon information and belief, even if a complaint in summary ejectment filed against a tenant is dismissed or not awarded, there are no occasions in which Defendants will review and reconsider whether such Eviction Fees were improperly assessed.
- 46. Upon information and belief, after the Eviction Fees are entered onto an tenant's account ledger, there are no occasions in which Defendants will remove such Eviction Fees from an individual tenant's account ledger.

RUSH'S FACTS

- 47. Rush entered into a lease with Defendants for an apartment at Falls Pointe located at 300 Cascade Falls Lane # 207, Durham, North Carolina 27713 ("Rush's Apartment) for a period from November 1, 2017 through October 31, 2018. Rush's lease is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 48. The Lease stated that "[i]n the event we file a summary ejectment lawsuit against You... You shall be liable to Us for the highest ONE of' the Complaint-Filing Fee, Court Appearance Fee, and Second Trial Fee which "shall be in addition to late fees, attorney's fees, and any applicable court costs."
 - 49. Pursuant to the lease, Rush's total monthly rent for his Apartment is \$870.00.
 - 50. Upon information and belief, on or March 2017, Rush received an Initial

Collection Letter.

- 51. Upon information and belief, Rush was charged a late fee of \$43.50 pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 42-46(a).
- 52. Upon information and belief, all other tenants of Defendants received an Initial Collection Letter substantially identical to the one sent to Rush.
- 53. Upon information and belief, the Initial Collection Letter threatened to charge Eviction Fees if Rush did not make a complete rental payment.
- 54. Defendants were not entitled to receive Eviction Fees when it sent the Initial Collection Letter to Rush.
- 55. In or about March 2017, Eviction Fees in the amount of \$201.00 were placed on Rush's account ledger.
- 56. At the time the Eviction Fees were placed on Rush's ledger, no hearing had been held and no attorney had appeared in Court to evict Rush and/or seek the award of Eviction Fees.
- 57. At the time the Eviction Fees were placed on Rush's ledger, no attorney had been hired by Defendants to collect any debt.
- 58. Defendants filed a Complaint in Summary Ejectment in the Small Claims

 Division of Durham County General Court of Justice on March 27, 2017, alleging Rush owed past due rent.
- 59. In the Complaint in Summary Ejectment action filed against Rush, Defendants wrote that they "hereby omit[] any claim for rents or damages and is seeking possession of the premises only. [Defendants] reserve[] the right to seek any monetary damages in a separate civil action." See Exhibit 2.

- 60. Upon information and belief, the Eviction Fees were placed on Rush's ledger before the Complaint in Summary Ejectment action was served on March 29, 2017. See Exhibit 3.
- 61. On or about April 5, 2017, Defendants obtained a judgment against Plaintiff. The magistrate judge ordered Plaintiff to be removed from the apartment and that Defendants be put in possession of it. See Exhibit 4.
 - 62. The court did not tax the costs of the action against Rush.
- 63. Even though the court did not tax the costs of the action against Rush,

 Defendants still required that Rush pay the Eviction Fees.
 - 64. Rush paid the Eviction Fees when they were not owed
- 65. Rush did not settle any claim against Defendants or give up any legal rights by paying the Eviction Fees.

COMMON CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 66. The foregoing allegations are hereby reincorporated by reference as if fully restated herein.
- 67. Pursuant to Rule 23 of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of the two classes:

The Initial Collection Letter Class (represented by Plaintiff):

All tenants of Defendants' Apartments in North Carolina who (a) at any point within the four (4) year period preceding the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint through June 25, 2018 (b) resided in one of the apartments owned or managed by Defendants' in North Carolina (c) were sent the Initial Collection Letter that (d) threatened to charge Eviction Fees in order to dismiss the eviction action.

The Fee Class (represented by Plaintiff):

All tenants of Defendants' Apartments in North Carolina who (a) at any point within the four (4) year period preceding the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint through June 25, 2018 (b) resided in one of the apartments owned or managed by Defendants' in North Carolina (c) were charged and (d) actually paid Eviction Fees prior to a North Carolina court awarding such Eviction Fees to Defendants.

- 68. Excluded from the classes are: (a) any Judge or Magistrate presiding over this action and members of their families; (b) Defendants and any entity in which Defendants has a controlling interest in Defendants and its legal representatives, assigns and successors; and (c) all persons and entities who properly execute and file a timely request for exclusion from the classes.
- Defendants' sending the Initial Collection Letter are common. Whether Defendants may lawfully charge Eviction Fees separate from and in addition to what is authorized by N.C.G.S. § 42-46 is a question that is common for all members of the classes. Each and every member of the proposed Class is subject to Defendants' policies and procedures. Further, the answer to this question will drive other answers in the litigation, including whether the Initial Collection Letter is lawful and whether any portion of Defendants' lease is void and unenforceable.
- 70. Predominance: Common questions of law and fact predominate over any individual issues that may be presented, because Defendants have a pattern, practice and policy of charging tenants Eviction Fees after the 10th day of the month as described herein. These questions include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of collecting and/or attempting to collect debt violated N.C.G.S. §§ 42-46 and 75-50 et seq. in that

Defendant represented that a specific amount of debt may be increased by Eviction Fees prior to the award of such amounts by a North Carolina court;

- b. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of utilizing the Initial Collection Letters violated N.C.G.S. §§ 42-46 and 75-50 et seq. by falsely representing Defendant's ability to collect Eviction Fees;
- c. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of utilizing the Post-Filing Collection Letters violated N.C.G.S. §§ 42-46 and 75-50 et seq. by falsely representing Defendant's ability to collect Eviction Fees;
- d. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of collecting and/or attempting to collect Eviction Fees was illegal under N.C.G.S. §§ 42-46 and 75-50 et seq.;
- e. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of collecting and/or attempting to collect Eviction Fees violated N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1 et seq.;
- f. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of collecting and/or attempting to collect debt violated N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1 et seq. in that Defendant refused to refund Eviction Fees after a Court taxed the cost of the action against Defendant.
- g. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of collecting and/or attempting to collect Attorneys' Fees was in violation of N.C.G.S. §§ 6-21.2, 42-46, and 75-50 et seq. in that Defendants' attorneys were not collecting upon any debt;
- h. Whether Defendants' pattern, practice, and policy of collecting and/or attempting to collect Eviction Fees constituted a violation of N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1

et seq. in that Defendant unlawfully claimed Attorneys' Fees were due and owing despite the absence of any statutory authority granting such fees.

- i. Whether any portion of Defendants' lease was void and unenforceable because it contains a fee for filing a complaint for summary ejectment and/or money owed other than the fees expressly authorized by N.C.G.S. § 42-46 (e) through (g).
- 71. Numerosity: The Class members are so numerous that joinder of all is impractical. The names and addresses of the Class members are readily identifiable through the business records maintained by Defendants, and may be notified of the pendency of this action by published and/or mailed notice. Members of the classes include hundreds of present and former tenants of Defendants' Apartments who have either already been charged or will be charged with Eviction Fees in the future unless the illegal policy, practice and procedure is enjoined.
- 72. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the proposed classes and all are based on the same facts and legal theories, as all such claims arise out of Defendants' conduct in that Defendants have a specific policy of attempting to unlawfully collect debt from each member of the proposed classes Eviction Fees following the expiration of the 13th day of the month.
- 73. Adequate Representation: Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the class in that the Plaintiff does not have antagonistic or conflicting claims with other members of the class. Plaintiff has also retained counsel experienced in the prosecution of complex class actions and consumer litigation. Neither Plaintiff nor her counsel have any interests that might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action. Plaintiff is aware of her responsibilities to the putative class and has accepted such responsibilities.

- 74. Superiority: A class action is superior to all other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Plaintiff anticipates no difficulty in managing and maintaining this action as a class action. In contrast to proceeding on a case-by-case basis, in which inconsistent results will magnify the delay and expense to all parties and the court system, this class action presents far fewer management difficulties while providing unitary adjudication, economies of scale and comprehensive supervision by a single court.
- 75. Further, Defendants have acted and refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the proposed class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive and declaratory relief with respect to the class as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: Violation of the North Carolina Residential Rental Agreements Act N.C.G.S. § 42-46 (on behalf of all classes)

- 76. All paragraphs of this complaint are incorporated herein as if fully restated.
- 77. Defendants' conduct as described above is subject to N.C.G.S. § 42-46 of the Residential Rental Agreements Act.
- 78. N.C.G.S. § 42-46(e)-(h) specifically limits the amounts that can be charged to a tenant for eviction related fees. Any amounts charged in excess of this limitation is against North Carolina's public policy and therefore void and unenforceable.
- 79. The Eviction Fees charged by Defendants to Plaintiff and members of the Class were separate from and in excess of the amount allowed under N.C.G.S. § 42-46 and constitute a violation of North Carolina law.
- 80. The amount of Eviction Fees charged by Defendants to Plaintiff and other members of the Class are in excess of the amounts allowed under N.C.G.S. § 42-46.
 - 81. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff and all members of the

Class were damaged and are entitled to recover all amounts of Eviction Fees paid to Defendants in violation of N.C.G.S. § 42-46. This amount is in excess of \$25,000.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION Violation of North Carolina Debt Collection Act N.C.G.S. § 75-50, et seq. (on behalf of all classes)

- 82. All paragraphs of this complaint are incorporated herein as if fully restated.
- 83. Plaintiff and each member of the Classes are a "consumer," as that term is defined by N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
- 84. The amount purportedly owed to Defendants by Plaintiff and each member of the Proposed Class is a "debt," as that term is defined by N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
- 85. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants, in the ordinary course of business as lessors of residential rental property, engaged in acts or practices affecting commerce within the meaning of N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1.
- 86. Defendants, in seeking to recover past due rent, fees, and other charges, are "debt collectors" as defined by the North Carolina Debt Collection Act ("NCDCA"), N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
- 87. Defendants' actions described above constitute the collection of a "debt" under N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
- 88. Defendants are subject to the requirements of N.C.G.S. § 75-50 et seq., that prohibits certain activities by debt collectors.
- 89. Defendants violated N.C.G.S. § 75-51 by collecting or attempting to collect debt by means of unfair threats, coercions, or attempts to coerce, including by collecting or attempting to collect debt by threatening to take action not permitted by law.
 - 90. Defendants violated N.C.G.S. § 75-51(8) by threatening to take and taking

actions not permitted by law, including, *inter alia*, threatening to assess and collect Eviction Fees without a legal justification.

- 91. Defendants violated N.C.G.S. § 75-54 by collecting or attempting to collect a debt by means of fraudulent, deceptive, and/or misleading representations, including, *inter alia*, threatening to assess and collect Eviction Fees without a legal justification.
- 92. Defendants' communications to Plaintiff and members of the Class constituted "communications attempting to collect a debt" subject to the disclosure requirement of N.C.G.S. § 75-54(2).
- 93. Defendants' violated N.C.G.S. § 75-55 by collecting or attempting to collect debt by using unconscionable means.
- 94. A violation of N.C.G.S § 42-46 constitutes an unfair debt collection attempt under N.C.G.S.§ 75-50 et seq.
- 95. Defendants collected or attempted to collect from Plaintiff and members of the class a charge, fee or expense incidental to the principal debt of the monthly rent owed, that was legally prohibited under N.C.G.S. 42-46, in violation of N.C.G.S. § 75-51(8), N.C.G.S. § 75-54, and N.C.G.S. § 75-55 (2).
- 96. Defendants actions in violation of North Carolina's Unfair Debt Collection Act were willful.
- 97. Plaintiff and each member of the Class were injured by Defendants' actions and are entitled to damages to be established at trial as well as statutory damages per violation in an amount ranging from \$500.00 to \$4,000.00 per violation resulting from each of Defendants' unfair debt collection practices pursuant to N.C.G.S. §75-56.
 - 98. Plaintiff and each member of the Class were injured and sustained damages by

Defendants' actions and are entitled to actual damages to be established at trial as well as statutory damages for each violation in the maximum amount allowed by law, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees for an amount in excess of \$25,000.00.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION Violation of the North Carolina Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Act N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1, et seq. (on behalf of all classes)

- 99. All paragraphs of this complaint are incorporated herein as if fully restated.
- 100. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were engaged in commerce in the State of North Carolina.
- 101. The conduct of Defendants as set forth herein is against the established public policy of the State of North Carolina; is unethical, oppressive, unscrupulous, and substantially injurious to the consumers of North Carolina; and has the capacity and tendency to deceive the average consumer.
- 102. Defendants' violations of the UDTPA include, but are not limited to, (a) misrepresenting the character, amount, or legal status of the obligation alleged to be owed by Plaintiff and each member of the class; (b) employing a system, policies, and procedures for the collection of debt which is unfair, deceptive, and misleading, and not permitted by both the public policy of North Carolina and the express statutory provisions of N.C.G.S. § 42-46; (c) utilizing false representations and deceptive measures to collect or attempt to collect Eviction Fees which are unlawful; (d) undertaking actions which Defendants knew, or should have known, offends well-established public policy, state law, and was otherwise unlawful, unfair, deceptive, misleading, coercive, and substantially injurious to consumers, such as Plaintiff; and (e) employing and otherwise undertaking the aforementioned procedures, policies, actions, and methods with the explicit knowledge that such conduct was in violation of applicable North

Carolina law.

- 103. The matters alleged herein were done willfully, or with the conscious disregard of the rights of Plaintiff and each member of the Class.
- 104. Plaintiff and members of the Class suffered actual injury as a result of Defendants' unfair actions. Such injury consists of, but is not limited to emotional distress damages and money damages resulting from Defendants' demanding and obtaining fees and costs in excess of amounts allowed pursuant to North Carolina law from Plaintiff and each member of the Class.
- 105. Defendants' actions were in or affecting commerce and constitute unfair and deceptive trade practices, which are proscribed by Chapter 75 of the North Carolina General Statutes.
- 106. Plaintiff and each member of the Class have been damaged and are entitled to recover treble damages and attorneys' fees incurred in this action.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION Petition for Declaratory Judgment N.C.G.S. § 1-253, et seq. (on behalf of all classes)

- 107. All paragraphs of this complaint are incorporated herein as if fully restated.
- 108. Plaintiff and the members of the classes file this Petition for a Declaratory

 Judgment under N.C.G.S. Chapter 1, Article 25, and the Court has jurisdiction of this matter

 under such statute.
- 109. Plaintiff and the members of the classes have an actual controversy with Defendants regarding the validity and enforceability of a portion of the Lease.
- 110. The Lease states that, if Defendants file a summary ejectment lawsuit against a tenant, they may recover one of the three fees identified in N.C.G.S. § 42-46 (e) through (g) in

addition to the Eviction Fees. Upon information and belief, every lease during the Relevant Time Period, including Plaintiff's Lease, contains this same provision.

- 111. However, N.C.G.S. § 42-46(h)(3) stated (prior to the enactment of the Act) that "[i]t is contrary to public policy for a landlord to put in a lease or claim any fee for filing a complaint for summary ejectment and/or money owed other than the ones expressly authorized by subsections (e) through (g) of this section, and a reasonable attorney's fee as allowed by law."
- 112. The Eviction Fees, described in the Lease, constitute a "fee for filing a complaint for summary ejectment" and are separate from and in addition to "the ones expressly authorized by subsections (e) through (g)."
- Under N.C.G.S. § 42-46(h)(4), "[a]ny provision of a residential rental agreement contrary to the provisions of this section is against the public policy of this State and therefore void and unenforceable." Therefore, because Defendants' lease contains a provision that was void and unenforceable, Plaintiff and the members of the proposed Classes seek an order declaring Defendants' North Carolina leases to be void and unenforceable insofar as such leases provide for a fee other than the ones expressly authorized by N.C.G.S. § 42-46 (e) through (g).
- 114. Plaintiff and the members of the proposed Classes have an actual controversy with Defendants resulting from Defendants' erroneous interpretation of the applicable law.
- 115. It is established law in North Carolina that N.G.S.S. § 42-33 is "remedial in nature and will apply only where the parties' lease does not cover the issue of forfeiture of the lease term upon nonpayment of rent. Where the contracting parties have considered the issue, negotiated a response, and memorialized their response within the lease, the trial court appropriately should decline to apply these statutory provisions." Charlotte Office Tower Associates v. Carolina SNS Corp., 89 N.C. App. 697, 701 (N.C. App. 1998).

- 116. Defendants entered into written leases that cover the issue of forfeiture of the lease term upon nonpayment of rent with Plaintiff and the members of the proposed Classes.
- 117. Therefore, because the parties have considered the issue, negotiated a response, and memorialized the response within a written lease, Plaintiff and the members of the proposed Classes seek an order declaring that N.C.G.S. § 42-33 is not applicable.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff; and members of the proposed Classes respectfully request that this Court:

- 1. Assume jurisdiction over this action;
- 2. Certify the Classes and appointing Plaintiff and their counsel to represent the classes;
- 3. Issue a declaratory judgment that Defendants' actions as set forth herein violated the rights of Plaintiff and each member of the Proposed Class pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 75-50 et seq., or in the alternative N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1;
- 4. Issue a declaratory judgment that Defendants' Lease and any substantially similar residential lease agreement used by Defendants is contrary to N.C.G.S. § 42-46 and therefore void and unenforceable as against public policy;
- 5. Award Plaintiff and each member of the Proposed Class compensatory damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
- 6. Award Plaintiff and each class member a statutory penalty in the amount of no more than \$4,000 for each violation of N.C.G.S. § 75-50 et seq.;
- Award Plaintiff and each class member damages calculated pursuant to N.C.G.S.
 § 75-8 for each week that Defendants' illegal conduct occurred;
 - 8. Award Plaintiff all statutory and actual damages to which she are entitled

separate and apart from the Proposed Class in an amount in excess of \$25,000.00;

- 9. Treble all damages resulting from a violation of N.C.G.S. § 42-46 in accordance with N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1;
- 10. Award attorneys' fees to Plaintiff and members of the Proposed Class pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 75-16.1;
 - 11. Tax the costs of this action to Defendants, or any of them;
 - 12. Allow a trial by jury on all issues so triable; and
- 13. Grant Plaintiff and the members of the Proposed Class such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted on this 4th day of September, 2018.

WHITFIELD BRYSON & MASON LLP

Scott C. Harris

N.C. Bar No.: 35328 Patrick M. Wallace N.C Bar No.: 48138 900 W. Morgan Street

Raleigh, North Carolina 27603

Telephone: (919) 600-5000 Facsimile: (919) 600-5035

scott@wbmllp.com pat@wbmllp.com

MAGINNIS LAW, PLLC
Edward H. Maginnis
N.C. State Bar No. 39317
Karl S. Gwaltney
N.C. State Bar No. 45118
4801 Glenwood Avenue, Suite 310
Raleigh, North Carolina 27612

Apartment Lease Contract



(when the Lease Contract is tilled out)	This is a binking decument. Read carefully before signing.
The Company of the American Company of the Company	Gentallintarmination 14, new your continue of the
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NRP Alskan VIIIngo, LLC and us the number	comm. We may, at our option, require at any time that you pay all ment
(exect of general community on this hader. You've agreed to ren parametric by a 1972/27 at 300 CASCADE FALLS AMPLE 5207 District The country of the control of the contr	of the rental payment or 3350, whichever is greater. You'll also pay o charge at \$2.5,00 as provided by law for each returned charket rejected clearance payment. If you don't pay true in hims, you'll be definiquent and all remedies under this Lease Contract will be influented. Well also have all charge remedies for execution for example.
numerous an ourcest or congrue, writings or macrosise concern our managers constitutives notice to no from us. If suyone che ha, guaranteed performance of this Leave Contract, a separate Leave Contract Contract of the Leave Contract Cont	
2. OCCURANTS. The opartment will be occupied only by you and first of other consusts out argument be Least Comments. From a key Street, Demonth Exchanging the Comment of	You'll pay fir all other utilities, related depents, and any charges, first, are services on such utilities. You must not ollow utilities to be discorne tender including disconnection for me paying your bill—until the lease removement period ends. Cothe charmets that are provided may be charged during the lease term of the charge spelles to all effectives. Utilities are submitted to a paying the state of the command hearthood purposes and must not be wasted, to your electristip is seen interrupting, buy in must use only be highly operated by an efforce that the submitted by the first force that the submitted by an efforce that the submitted by the first force that the submitted by the submitt
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 SECURITY DEFORIT. Unless modified by addenda, the total accents deposit at the time of execution of the Lense Contract for all exadents in the apartment is 5	or unitudes, made customers, engingeries or court resources, concepting of invited furnities greate are varied than united spheroviers required by law. We usgo you to get your own insurance for losses to your personal property or infants due to first, tim, water damage, pipe itsels and the lite.
In hedding your security deposit, we will felted earl: O Deposit the security deposit in a trass measure with feature of burd or cavings institution) logated at (address)	Antifurually, you are (drest ear) [] required to purchuse penapord indulty insurance 20 non sequence to purchuse personal totality insurance. If required to purchase personal totality insurance is not required. If required, there for instituting personal totality insurance is not required. If required, there for instituting represent liability insurance insurance product of required insurance of insurance and contains a sequence of the contract of the second contract and only record in the termination of termin
07	***
Promisis a bonst from (name of bonding company) bonsted a	You acknowledge that no portion of the rest paid by you under this agreement will be specifically allocated for the purchase of the converse structural file insurance, though the owner may we a postum of green rated proceeds abbuild from all restal units to the community to purchase such structural fire insurance, and in each at revent, that you are in no way a co-insured under any each policy.
The exceeding deposit may, in our distriction, be deposited in an interest bearing account with the back or savings to tilenthe trained above. We may retain any interest extract upon the security deposit and may withdraw such interest 2 days, from such account as it accruet as often at its permitted by the terms of the account.	DECKS AND LATCHES. Keyed looking will be relayed after the prior resident mores our. The relaying will be done before you move this pour experiment. You may at any time sels us to change or relay locks or teached during the Lesse Teem. We must comply with those requires, but you must say for
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41. HEVERABILITY. If any passission of this Lower Contract is favalled or unerfractable under applicable law, such provident shall be touther two to the extent of such invalidity or unerforceability only without unvalidating or otherwise effecting the greatedup of this Lower Contract. The court shall interpret the issue and provisions began in a manner such as to up-hold the valid portions of this Lower Contract with the contract of the parties.	Resident or Unridente (ett signs jedne)
42. ORIGINALS AND ATTACHMENTS. This Louis Contract has been sewerated to multiple neighnals, with neighnal signalars. We will provide you with a copy of the Leave Contract. Your copy of the Leave Contract may be in paper furnal, in an electronic forms it is your request, or sent via exactliff we leave consumulated by e-mail about this Leave. Our rade and community politics, if seny, will be introded to the Leave Contract and provided to you at signing. When an inventory and Condition form is completed, you should retain a copy, and we chould stain a copy. Any addends or amendments you sign as a part of executing this Leave Contract are bringer, and harby incompromed fairs and made part of the Leave Contract between you and us. This leave is the entire agreement between you and us. You acknowledge that you are NOT relying so any oral representations. You are legally bound by this document. Hard it carefully bound by this document.	Offshir or flower's Representative settings on belast of courses) Address and phone countries of sware's representative for notice purposes 100 Cancada Falls In Burham, NC 27713 (919) 806-5400 Name and address of locator service (if applicable)
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File No.	STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA THE TOTAL
COMPLAINT	DURHAM County District Court Division-Small Claims
IN SUMMARY EJECTMENT	1. The defendant is a resident of the county hamed above.
	2. The defendant entered into possession of premises described telew as a lessee of plaintiff.
G.S. 7A-216, 7A-232; Ch. 42, Art. 3 and 7	7 Description Of Premises (Include Location) Conventional
Name And Address Of Plaintif NRP Alston Village LLC	Rate Of Rant Manth Date Rent Ove Date Lease or Possession Terminated Typo Of Lease
dba Falls Pointe at The Park	\$ 859.00 per
100 Cascade Falls Lane	3. The defendant failed to pay the rent due on the above date and the plaintiff made demand for the rent and walted the 10-day grace period before filing the complaint.
Durham NC 27713	☐ The lease period ended on the above date and the defendant is holding over after the end of the lease
County Telaphone No. DURHAM (919)806-5400	period.
DURHAM (919)806-5400 VERSUS	The defendant breached the condition of the lease described below for which re-entry is specified.
Name And Address Of Defendent 1 🔀 Individual 🔲 Corporation	Criminal activity or other activity has occurred in violation of G.S. 42-63 as specified below.
Demetra Rush .	Description Of Breach/Criminal Activity (give names, dates, places and illegal activity)
300 Cascade Falls Lane	Failure to pay monthly rent when due/in full, from the date above through the hearing date.
Apt 207	
DURHAM NC 27713	4. The plaintiff has demanded possession of the premises from the defendant, who has refused to surrende
County Telephone No. DURHAM	it, and the plaintiff is entitled to immediate possession.
Name And Address Of Defendant 2 🔀 Individual 🔲 Corporation	5. Pursuant to G.S. 42-28, Plaintiff hereby omits any claim for rents or damages and is seeking possession of the premises only. Plaintiff reserves the right to seek any monetary damages in a separate civil action.
	Description Of Any Property Damage
tabbles	Amount Of Demege (If Known) Amount of Rent Unpeld CLAIMS RESERVED Amount of Rent Unpeld Total Amount Dua POSSESSION ONLY
County Telephone A Name And Address Of Plaintiff's Attorney Or Agent	6. Plaintiff therefore requests to be put in possession of the Premises.
Name And Address Of Plaintiff's Attorney Or Agent	Date Name Of Plaintiff/Attorney/Agent (Type Or Print) Signifure Of Plaintiff/Attorney/Agent (Type Or Print) Signifure Of Plaintiff/Attorney/Agent (Type Or Print)
Shanae Auguste	3/24/2017 Shanae Auguste Shanae Auguste CERTIFICATION WHEN COMPLAINT SIGNED BY AGENT OF PLAINTIFF
Loebsack & Brownlee, PLLC	
P.O. Box 78058	I certify that I am an agent of the plaintiff and have actual knowledge of the facts alleged in this Complaint.
	Date Name Of Agent (Type Or Print) Signature Of Agent
Charlotte NC 28271 (704)970-3900	3/24/2017

INSTRUCTIONS TO PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT

- The PLAINTIFF must file a small claim action in the county where at least one of the defendants resides.
- The PLAINTIFF cannot sue in small claims court for more than \$10,000.00 excluding interest and costs unless further restricted by court order.
- 3. The PLAINTIFF must show the complete name and address of the defendant to ensure service on the defendant. If there are two defendants and they reside at different addresses, the plaintiff must include both addresses. The plaintiff must determine if the defendant is a corporation and sue in the complete corporate name. If the business is not a corporation, the plaintiff must determine the owner's name and sue the owner.
- 4. The PLAINTIFF may serve the defendant(s) by malling a copy of the summons and complaint by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the party to be served or by paying the costs to have the sheriff serve the summons and complaint. If certified or registered mall is used, the plaintiff must prepare and file a sworn statement with the Clerk of Superior Court proving service by certified mail and must attach to that statement the postal receipt showing that the letter was accepted.
- 5. In filling out number 3 in the complaint, if the landlord is seeking to remove the tenant for failure to pay rent when there is no written lease, the first block should be checked. (Defendant failed to pay the rent due on the above date and the plaintiff made demand for the rent and walted the ten (10) day grace period before filing the complaint.) If the landlord is seeking to remove the tenant for failure to pay rent when there is a written lease with an automatic forfeiture clause, the third block should be checked. (The defendant breached the condition of the lease described below for which re-entry is specified.) And "failure to pay rent" should be placed in the space for description of the breach. If the landlord is seeking to evict tenant for violating some other condition in the lease, the third block should also be checked. If the landlord is claiming that the term of the lease has ended and the tenant refuses to to leave, the second block should be checked. If the landlord is claiming that criminal activity occurred, the fourth block should be checked and the conduct must be described in space provided.
- The PLAINTIFF must pay advance court costs at the time of filing this Complaint. In the event that judgment is rendered in favor of the plaintiff, court costs may be charged against the defendant.
- 7. The PLAINTIFF must appear before the magistrate to prove his/her claim.
- The DEFENDANT may file a written answer, making defense to the claim, in the office of the Clerk of Superior Court. This answer should be accompanied

- by a copy for the plaintiff and be filed no later than the time set for trial. The filing of the answer DOES NOT relieve the defendant of the need to appear appear before the magistrate to assert the defendant's defense.
- Requests for continuances of cases before the magistrate may be granted for good cause shown and for no more than five (5) days per continuance unless the parties agree otherwise.
- 10. The magistrate will render judgment on the date of hearing unless the parties agree otherwise, or the case is complex as defined in G.S. 7A-222, in which case the decision is required within five (5) days.
- 11. The PLAINTIFF or the DEFENDANT may appeal the magistrate's decision in this case. To appeal, notice must be given in open court when the judgment is entered, or notice may be given in writing to the Clerk of Superior Court within ten (10) days after the judgment is entered. If notice is given in in writing, the appealing party must also serve written notice of appeal on all other parties. The appealing party must PAY to the Clerk of Superior Court the costs of court for appeal within ten (10) days after the judgment is entered. If the appealing party applies to appeal as an indigent, and that request is denied, that party has an additional five (5) days to pay the court costs for the appeal.
- 12. If the defendant appeals and wishes to remain on the premises the defendant must also post a stay of execution bond within ten (10) days after the judgment is entered. In the event of an appeal by the tenant to district court, the landlord may file a motion to dismiss that appeal under G.S. 7A-228(d). The court may decide the motion without a hearing if the tenant fails to file a response within ten (10) days of receipt of the motion.
- 13. Upon request of the tenant within seven (7) days of the landlord being placed in lawful possession, the landlord shall release any personal property of the tenant. After seven (7) days, the landlord may sell, throw away or dispose of said property. If sold, the landlord must disburse any surplus proceeds to the tenant upon request within seven (7) days of the sale. If the total value of the property is less than \$500.00, it is deemed abandoned five (5) days after execution.
- 14. This form is supplied in order to expedite the handling of small claims. It is designed to cover the most common claims.
- 15. The Clerk or magistrate cannot advise you about your case or assist you in completing this form. If you have any questions, you should consult an attorney.

AOC-CVM-201, Side Two, As Revised by Counsel for Plaintiff

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STATE OF NORTH	I CAROLINA	\$30	File No.	
DURHAM	County		In The General Court Of Justice District Court Division - Small Claims	
Plaintiff(s) NRP Alston VIIIage LLC	450b	U L		
_	40	•	MAGISTRATE SUMMONS	
dba Falls Pointe at The Park			☐ ALIAS AND PLURIES SUMMONS (ASSESS FEE)	
- W3 AV	ERSUS		C S 1A 1 Phylo 4 7A 247 1822	
Defendant(s)	LIGOG		G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4; 7A-217, -232 Data Original Summons Issued	
Demetra Rush			Date(s) Subsequent Summons(es) issued	
•			Caracteria Communication 1990cc	
то			то	
Name And Address Of Defendant 1 Demetra Rush			Name And Address Of Defendant 2	
300 Cascade Falis Lane				
Apt 207				
DURHAM		27713	een Commenced Against You!	
the time set for trial. Whether	er or not you file an	answer, the p	in the office of the Clerk of Superior Court at any time before plaintiff must prove the claim before the magistrate. e magistrate may enter a judgment against you.	
Date Of Trial	Time Of Trial		Location Of Court	
4/5/2017 Name And Address Of Plaintiff Or Plaintif		AM PM	3rd Floor; 510 S. Dillard Street, Durham, NC, 27701	
Name And Address Of Plaintiff Or Plaintif NRP Alston Village LLC d/b/a F	alls Pointe at The Par	rk	MAR 2/ 2017	
100 Cascade Falls Lane			Significan	
Durham	NC 277	713	Deputy CSC Assistant CSC Clerk Of Superior Court	
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	: 53	SI A IE	1 2 1 1	
		(0	Over)	
AOC-CVM-100, Rev. 10/14		-	•	

A	RETURN OF SERVICE
I certify that this s	rummons and a copy of the complaint were received and served as follows:
	DEFENDANT 1
Date Served	Time Served Name Of Defendent
	☐ AM ☐ PM Demetra Rush
By delivering	to the defendant named above a copy of the summons and complaint.
	opy of the summons and complaint at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the defendant named above with a able age and discretion then residing therein.
As the defend below.	ant is a corporation, service was effected by delivering a copy of the summons and complaint to the person named
Name And Address Of F	Parson With Whom Copy Left (if corporation, give title of person copy left with)
D 0th	of corder (,
U Other manner	of service (specify)
☐ Defendant WA	IS NOT served for the following reason:
	•
·	
•	DEFENDANT 2
Date Served	Timo Served Name Of Defendant
	o the defendant named above a copy of the summons and complaint.
	opy of the summons and complaint at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the defendant named above with a
•	able age and discretion then residing therein.
As the defendable below.	ant is a corporation, service was effected by delivering a copy of the summons and complaint to the person named
	erson With Whom Copy Left (if carporation, give title of person copy left with)
<u></u>	
Other manner	of service (specify)
•	
☐ Defendant WA	S NOT-served for the following reason:
_	
	Service was made by mailing by first class mail a copy of the summons and complaint to the defendant(s) and
FOR USE IN	by posting a copy of the summons and complaint at the following premises:
SUMMARY EJECTMENT	Date Served Name(s) Of The Defendant(s) Served By Posting
CASES ONLY:	03-29-17 8:554.M. DEMETRA RUSH
	Address Of Premises Where Pasted 300 CASCADE FALLS L.N. APT-207
Service Fee	300 CASCADE TALLS L.N. APT-207 Signature Of Doputy Sheriff Meking-Return 2
5	T. R. talola #523
Date Received	Name Of Deputy Sheriff Making Return (type or print)
	T.R. FIELDS # 523
Dale Of Return	County Of Deputy Sheriff Making Return
	03-29-17 DURHAM.
AOC-CVM-100, Side	e Two, Rev. 10/14
	ve Office of the Courts

Tie No. Abstract No.		1 -1-1	•
17CVM2897	STATE OF NO	ORTH CAROLINA	
17-32	DURL DURL	IAM County	In The General Court Of Justice District Court Division-Small Claims
udgment Dockel Book And Page No. APK -	was given proper not	before the undersigned on the cause state lice of the nature of the action and the date	ed in the complaint. The record shows that the defendant e, time and location of trial.
DURHAM CO	DUNTY, C S. C.	FINDING	GS /
JUDGMENT	The Court finds that		114.50
IN ACTION FOR		ntiff has proved the case by the greate ntiff has failed to prove the case by the	er weight of the evidence.
SUMMARY EJEČTMENT	∭ c. the plai	ntiff requested and was entitled to a ju	dgment for possession based on the pleading.
G.S. 7A-210(2), 7. Isme And Address Of Plainilli	A-224; 42-30 2. the defendant	t(s) 🗌 was 🔯 was not present.	▼ The defendant was served by postings. ;
NRP Alston Village LLC	b. there is	no dispute as to the amount of rent in an actual dispute as to the amount of n arrears is \$	arrears, and the amount is \$2632.42 \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
dba Falls Pointe at The Park	in arrea	rs.	e Premises and reserved all claims for monetary damage
100 Cascade Falls Lane	4. other: Plainting The defe	endant(s)did ORdld not	e Premises and reserved all claims for monetary damage ralse a defense to the Plaintliffs claims.
Durham NC 27	743	ORDE	R
ounty Telaphone No.	ILIS OKDEKED INSI		
DURHAM (919)806-	5400 1. the defendant complaint.	(s) be removed from and the plaintiff b	e put in possession of the premises described in the
VERSUS		dismissed with prejudice.	
iamo And Address Of Defendant 1	3. this action be	dismissed with prejudice because the	defendant tendered the rent due and the court costs
Demetra Rush	of this action.	nower ment of the defendant(s) is the a	mount and at the rate listed below, plus other
300 Cascade Falls Lane Apt 207	damages in th	e amount indicated. The plaintiff is als	so entitled to interest on the total principal sum from
DURHAM NC 27	this date until	the judgment is paid.	
County Telephone No.	5. Other: (specify)		
DURHAM			•
arre And Address Of Defendant 2	h :	ction are taxed to the	f. 🔲 defendant.
tab	Rote Of Rent S	7 No. 1 2	Judgment Announced And Signed In Open Court
	Amount Of Other Dan	nages \$	4/5/2017 Signaturo Of Magistrote
cunty Telephone	TOTAL AMOUNT	\$ Ne	me Of Party Announcing Appeal in Open Court
lame And Address Of Plainliff's Attorney	9	CERTIFICA	TION
Loebsack & Brownlee, PLLC P.O. Box 78058	l certify that this Judgmen	en magistrate does not announce and sign this t has been served on each party named by dep sitory under the exclusive care and custody of t	Judgment in open court at the conclusion of the trial.) positing a copy in a post-paid properly addressed envelope in a the United States Postal Service.
	Date Date	Signature Of Magistrale,	
	271	1	

awarded) on a note or evidence of indebtedness when an attorney is employed to actually collect on the evidence of indebtedness. Sterling could not claim an attorney's fee under N.C.G.S. §6-21.2 because it only sought possession by summary ejectment, and did not seek to collect any sums for unpaid rent. The Court also concludes that by imposing, and then collecting \$191 from Mr. Hargrove, Sterling violated N.C.G.S. §75-54.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, and DECREED that Plaintiff's Motion against Defendant Glenwood Raleigh Apartments, LLC d/b/a Sterling Glenwood Apartments is granted in its entirety. Plaintiff is entitled to partial judgment on the pleadings with regard to Sterling's liability under N.C.G.S. §42-46 and partial judgment on the pleadings on his claim under the North Carolina Debt Collection Act, N.C.G.S. §75-50 et seq. in that Sterling violated N.C.G.S. §75-54 on at least one occasion. Defendants' Motion is denied in its entirety.

This the 23 day of March, 2018.

THE HONORABLE A. GRAHAM SHIRLEY, II PRESIDING SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

SESSION LAW 2018-50 SENATE BILL 224

AN ACT TO ALLOW LANDLORDS TO RECOVER OUT-OF-POCKET EXPENSES IN SUMMARY EJECTMENT CASES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1.1.(a) G.S. 42-46(h)(3) reads as rewritten:

"(3) It is contrary to public policy for a landlord to put in a lease or claim any fee for filing a complaint for summary ejectment and/or money owed other than the ones expressly authorized by subsections (e) through (g) and (i) of this section, and a reasonable attorney's fee as allowed by law."

SECTION 1.1.(b) G.S. 42-46 is amended by adding two new subsections to read:

- "(i) Out-of-Pocket Expenses. In addition to the late fees referenced in subsections (a) and (b) of this section and the administrative fees of a landlord referenced in subsections (e) through (g) of this section, a landlord is also permitted to charge and recover from a tenant the following actual out-of-pocket expenses:
 - (1) Filing fees charged by the court.
 - (2) Costs for service of process pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4 of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure and G.S. 42-29.
 - (3) Reasonable attorneys' fees actually incurred, pursuant to a written lease, not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the amount owed by the tenant, or fifteen percent (15%) of the monthly rent stated in the lease if the eviction is based on a default other than the nonpayment of rent.
- (i) The out-of-pocket expenses listed in subsection (i) of this section are allowed to be included by the landlord in the amount required to cure a default."





SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 14th day of June, 2018.

- s/ Philip E. Berger President Pro Tempore of the Senate
- s/ Tim Moore Speaker of the House of Representatives

This bill having been presented to the Governor for signature on the 14th day of June, 2018 and the Governor having failed to approve it within the time prescribed by law, the same is hereby declared to have become a law. This 25th day of June, 2018.

s/ Karen Jenkins Enrolling Clerk